Java Quick Reference

```
Frequently Used Static Constants/Methods
                                               Array/Length/Initializer
Math.PI
                                                int[] list = new int[10];
Math.random()
                                                list.length;
Math.pow(a, b)
                                                int[] list = {1, 2, 3, 4};
System.currentTimeMillis()
System.out.println(anyValue)
                                               Multidimensional Array/Length/Initializer
JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null,
                                                int[][] list = new int[10][10];
 message)
JOptionPane.showInputDialog(
                                                list.length;
 prompt-message)
                                                list[0].length;
Integer.parseInt(string)
                                                int[][] list = {{1, 2}, {3, 4}};
Double.parseDouble(string)
Arrays.sort(type[] list)
                                               Ragged Array
Arrays.binarySearch(type[] list, type key)
                                                int[][] m = \{\{1, 2, 3, 4\},\
                                                              \{1, 2, 3\},\
                                                              \{1, 2\},\
                                                              \{1\}\};
                                      File Class
                                                                  Object Class
Text File Output
 PrintWriter output =
                                      File file =
                                                                  Object o = new Object();
   new PrintWriter(filename);
                                        new File(filename);
                                                                  o.toString();
 output.print(...);
                                       file.exists()
                                                                  o.equals(01);
 output.println(...);
                                       file.renameTo(File)
 output.printf(...);
                                      file.delete()
                                                                  Comparable Interface
Text File Input
                                                                  c.compareTo(Comparable)
  Scanner input = new Scanner(
                                                                  c is a Comparable object
   new File(filename));
String Class
                                              ArrayList Class
String s = "Welcome";
                                              ArrayList<E> list = new ArrayList<E>();
String s = new String(char[]);
                                              list.add(object);
int length = s.length();
                                              list.add(index, object);
char ch = s.charAt(index);
                                              list.clear();
int d = s.compareTo(s1);
                                              Object o = list.get(index);
boolean b = s.equals(s1);
                                              boolean b = list.isEmpty();
boolean b = s.startsWith(s1);
                                              boolean b = list.contains(object);
boolean b = s.endsWith(s1);
                                              int i = list.size();
String s1 = s.trim();
                                              list.remove(index);
String s1 = s.toUpperCase();
                                              list.set(index, object);
String s1 = s.toLowerCase();
                                              int i = list.indexOf(object);
int index = s.indexOf(ch);
                                              int i = list.lastIndexOf(object);
int index = s.lastIndexOf(ch);
String s1 = s.substring(ch);
String s1 = s.substring(i,j);
                                              printf Method
char[] chs = s.toCharArray();
String s1 = s.replaceAll(regex,repl);
                                              System.out.printf("%b %c %d %f %e %s"
String[] tokens = s.split(regex);
                                                true, 'A', 45, 45.5, 45.5, "Welcome");
                                              System.out.printf("%-5d %10.2f %10.2e %8s",
                                                45, 45.5, 45.5, "Welcome");
```

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Arithmetic Operators

Java	Quick	Reference
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## Console Input

Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in); int intValue = input.nextInt(); long longValue = input.nextLong(); double doubleValue = input.nextDouble(); float floatValue = input.nextFloat(); String string = input.next();

## Console Output

Primitive Data Types

System.out.println(anyValue);

## GUI Input Dialog

```
String string = JOptionPane.showInputDialog(
  "Enter input");
int intValue = Integer.parseInt(string);
double doubleValue =
 Double.parseDouble(string);
```

## Message Dialog

JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Enter input");

**Assignment Operators** 

<pre>byte 8 bits short 16 bits int 32 bits long 64 bits float 32 bits double 64 bits char 16 bits boolean true/false</pre>	+ - * / *++var var var++ var	addition subtraction multiplication division remainder preincrement predecrement postincrement postdecrement	+= ac -= st *= mt /= d <sup>-</sup>	ssignment ddition assignment ubtraction assignment ultiplication assignment ivision assignment emainder assignment
Relational Operators		Logical Operators		if Statements
<pre>&lt; less than &lt;= less than or equal to &gt; greater than &gt;= greater than or equal to == equal to != not equal</pre>		&& short circuit AND    short circuit OR ! NOT ∧ exclusive OR		<pre>if (condition) {    statements; } if (condition) {    statements; } else {    statements; }</pre>
switch Statements		loop Statements		
<pre>switch (intExpression) {    case value1:       statements;       break;     case valuen:       statements;       break;    default:       statements;    } </pre>		<pre>while (condition) {    statements; } do {    statements; } while (condition) for (init; condition) for (init; condition) </pre>	;	<pre> if (condition1) {    statements; } else if (condition2) {    statements; } else {    statements; } </pre>

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